1	Mark L. Javitch* (CA SBN 323729) 210 S Ellsworth Ave #486		
2	San Mateo, CA 94401 Telephone: 402-301-5544 Facsimile: 402-396-7131		
3			
4	javitchm@gmail.com Attorney for Plaintiff and the Class		
5	*Pending Pro Hac Vice Admission		
6			
7			
8			
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
10	DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA		
11			
12	ANDREW BOEHM, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated	Case No.: 8:19-cv-00177	
13	Plaintiff,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	
14	v.	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED	
15	LIBERTY CAPITAL GROUP, INC., a		
16	California corporation, NATIONAL MONEY MAN 4 CASH ADVANCE, LLC, a Texas		
17	corporation, JOHN F. GUILLORY, an individual, DOMAINS BY PROXY, LLC, a		
	Delaware corporation, d/b/a SECRET3500.COM		
18	Defendants.		
19			
20	<u>CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT</u>		
21	1. Plaintiff ANDREW BOEHM ("Plaintiff") brings this Class Action Complaint and		
22	Demand for Jury Trial against Defendant LIBERTY CAPITAL GROUP, INC., Defendant NATIONAL		
23	MONEY MAN 4 CASH ADVANCE, LLC, Defendant JOHN F. GUILLORY, and Defendant DOMAINS BY PROXY, LLC d/b/a SECRET3500.COM, (together, "Defendants") to stop their illegal practice of making unauthorized calls that play prerecorded voice messages to the cellular telephones of		
24			
25			
26	consumers nationwide, and to obtain redress for all persons injured by their conduct. Plaintiff alleges as		
20	follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and	nis own acts and experiences, and, as to all other	

matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his attorney.

27

NATURE OF THE ACTION

- 2. Defendants are various service businesses. As a primary part of their marketing efforts, Defendants and their agents place thousands of automated calls employing a prerecorded voice message to consumers' cell phones nationwide.
- 3. Unfortunately, Defendants do not obtain consent prior to placing these calls and, therefore, are in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), 47 U.S.C. § 227.
- 4. Congress enacted the TCPA in 1991 to restrict the use of sophisticated telemarketing equipment that could target millions of consumers *en masse*. Congress found that these calls were not only a nuisance and an invasion of privacy to consumers specifically but were also a threat to interstate commerce generally. *See* S. Rep. No. 102-178, at 2-3 (1991), as reprinted in 1991 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1968, 1969-71.
- 5. The TCPA targets unauthorized calls exactly like the ones alleged in this case, based on Defendants' use of technological equipment to spam consumers with its advertising on a grand scale.
- 6. By placing the calls at issue, Defendants have violated the privacy and statutory rights of Plaintiff and the Class.
- 7. Plaintiff therefore seeks an injunction requiring Defendants to stop its unconsented calling, as well as an award of actual and statutory fines to the Class members, together with costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

PARTIES

- 8. Plaintiff ANDREW BOEHM is a natural person and is a citizen of the District of Nebraska.
- 9. Defendant LIBERTY CAPITAL GROUP, INC., (Defendant "Liberty") is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California with its principal place of business at 1011 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 440, San Diego, California 92108.
- 10. Defendant NATIONAL MONEY MAN 4 CASH ADVANCE, LLC (Defendant "Money Man") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas with its principal place of business at 7100 Regency Square, Suite 247 Houston, Texas 77036.
- 11. Defendant DOMAINS BY PROXY, LLC., d/b/a SECRET3500.COM (Defendant "SECRET3500.COM") is a corporation and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its

principal place of business at 14455 N. Hayden Road, Scottsdale, Arizona, 85260. Defendant DOMAINS BY PROXY, LLC is listed in public records as the party responsible for the domain SECRET3500.COM

12. Defendant JOHN F. GUILLORY (Defendant "Guillory") is a natural person. Defendant Guillory controls Defendant Money Man and is responsible for the allegations involving Defendant Money Man herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 13. This Court has federal subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1331, as the action arises under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §227, which is a federal statute.
- 14. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because they conduct business in this District and in the State of Nebraska and because the events giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in this District.
- 15. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) because Defendants regularly conduct business in the State of Nebraska and in this District, and because the wrongful conduct giving rise to this case occurred in this District.

COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 16. Defendant Liberty and Defendant Money Man sell business financing loans.
- 17. Defendant SECRET3500.COM is a website with a video that promotes a get rich quick scheme.
- 18. To increase their sales and avoid paying for legitimate forms of advertising, Defendants repeatedly called and sent prerecorded voice messages to thousands or possibly tens of thousands of cell phones at once.
- 19. When the Class members answered their cell phones or listened to their messages expecting to hear from a real person, Defendants pulled a bait and switch by playing a prerecorded voice message.
- 20. Unfortunately, Defendants failed to obtain consent from Plaintiff and the Class before bombarding their cell phones with these illegal voice recordings.

FACTS SPECIFIC TO PLAINTIFF

- 21. On April 8, 2019 at 4:16 p.m., Plaintiff received a call from (281) 763-2294 from Defendant Money Man and/or its agents on Plaintiff's cell phone.
- 22. When Plaintiff listened to the message, Plaintiff heard a prerecorded voice message advertising Defendant Money Man's business capital loans.
 - 23. Defendant Money Man called Plaintiff's phone on multiple occasions for several weeks.
 - 24. In total, Plaintiff received more than ten calls from Defendant Money Man.
 - 25. On April 9, 2019, Plaintiff received a call from Defendant Liberty.
- 26. When Plaintiff answered, he heard a prerecorded voice advertising business capital loans from Defendant Liberty.
- 27. Plaintiff responded to the prerecorded voice prompt and was connected to Defendant Liberty.
- 28. On April 15, 2019, Plaintiff received a call from (909) 386-6260 from Defendant SECRET3500.COM and/or their agents on Plaintiff's cell phone.
- 29. When Plaintiff listened to the message, Plaintiff heard a prerecorded voice message advertising Defendant's website SECRET3500.COM.
- 30. Defendant SECRET3500.COM called Plaintiff repeatedly at a rate of two or three times a week for several weeks.
 - 31. In total, Plaintiff received at least 20 calls from Defendant SECRET3500.COM.
- 32. Plaintiff never consented to receive calls from Defendants. Plaintiff has no relationship with Defendants and has never requested that Defendants contact him in any manner.
 - 33. Defendants' calls violated Plaintiff's statutory rights.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

34. **Class Definition**: Plaintiff brings this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3) on behalf of Plaintiff and a class defined as follows:

No Consent Class. All persons in the United States who: (1) from the last 4 years to present (2) received at least one telephone call; (3) on his or her cellular telephone; (4) that was called using an autodialer and/or played a prerecorded voice message; (5) for the purpose of selling Defendants' products and/or services; (6) where Defendants did not have any record of prior express written consent to place such call at the time it was made.

- 35. The following people are excluded from the Class: (1) any Judge or Magistrate presiding over this action and members of their families; (2) Defendants, Defendants' subsidiaries, parents, successors, predecessors, and any entity in which the Defendants or their parents have a controlling interest and its current or former employees, officers and directors; (3) persons who properly execute and file a timely request for exclusion from the Class; (4) persons whose claims in this matter have been finally adjudicated on the merits or otherwise released; (5) Plaintiff's counsel and Defendants' counsel; and (6) the legal representatives, successors, and assigns of any such excluded persons.
- 36. **Numerosity**: The exact number of the Class members is unknown and not available to Plaintiff, but it is clear that individual joinder is impracticable. On information and belief, Defendants placed telephone calls to thousands of consumers who fall into the definition of the Class. Members of the Class can be identified through Defendants' records.
- 37. **Typicality**: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of other members of the Class, in that Plaintiff and the Class members sustained damages arising out of Defendants' uniform wrongful conduct and unsolicited telephone calls.
- 38. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the other members of the Class. Plaintiff's claims are made in a representative capacity on behalf of the other members of the Class. Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to the interests of the other members of the proposed Class and is subject to no unique defenses. Plaintiff has retained competent counsel to prosecute the case on behalf of Plaintiff and the proposed Class. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to vigorously prosecuting this action on behalf of the members of the Class and have the financial resources to do so.
- 39. **Policies Generally Applicable to the Class**: This class action is appropriate for certification because Defendants have acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class as a whole, thereby requiring the Court's imposition of uniform relief to ensure compatible

standards of conduct toward the Class members and making final injunctive relief appropriate with respect to the Class as a whole. Defendants' practices challenged herein apply to and affect the Class members uniformly, and Plaintiff's challenge of those practices hinge on Defendants' conduct with respect to the Class as a whole, not on facts or law applicable only to Plaintiff.

- 40. **Commonality and Predominance**: There are many questions of law and fact common to the claims of Plaintiff and the Class, and those questions predominate over any questions that may affect individual members of the Class. Common questions for the Class include, but are not necessarily limited to the following:
 - i. Whether Defendants' conduct violated the TCPA;
 - ii. Whether Defendants called and played its voice recordings to thousands of cell phones;
- iii. Whether Defendants obtained prior written consent prior to contacting any members of the Class;
- iv. Whether members of the Class are entitled to treble damages based on the knowingness or willfulness of Defendants' conduct.
- 41. **Superiority**: This case is also appropriate for class certification because class proceedings are superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy as joinder of all parties is impracticable. The damages suffered by the individual members of the Class will likely be relatively small, especially given the burden and expense of individual prosecution of the complex litigation necessitated by Defendants' actions. Thus, it would be virtually impossible for the individual members of the Class to obtain effective relief from Defendants' misconduct. Even if members of the Class could sustain such individual litigation, it would still not be preferable to a class action, because individual litigation would increase the delay and expense to all parties due to the complex legal and factual controversies presented in this Complaint. By contrast, a class action presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single Court. Economies of time, effort and expense will be fostered and uniformity of decisions ensured.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of 47 U.S.C. § 227

(On behalf of Plaintiff and the Class)

- 42. Plaintiff incorporates the foregoing allegations as if fully set forth herein.
- Defendants and/or its agent placed telephone calls to Plaintiff's and the Class members' 43. cellular telephones without having their prior express written consent to do so.
 - 44. Defendants' calls were made for a commercial purpose.
- 45. Defendants played a prerecorded voice message to the cell phones of Plaintiff and the Class members as proscribed by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).
- 46. As a result of its unlawful conduct, Defendants repeatedly invaded Plaintiff's and the Class's personal privacy, causing them to suffer damages and, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B), entitling them to recover \$500 in civil fines for each violation and an injunction requiring Defendants to stop their illegal calling campaign.
- 47. Defendants and/or its agent made the violating calls "willfully" and/or "knowingly" under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 48. If the court finds that Defendants willfully and/or knowingly violated this subsection, the court may increase the civil fine from \$500 to \$1500 per violation under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff ANDREW BOEHM, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays for the following relief:

- An order certifying the Class as defined above, appointing Plaintiff ANDREW BOEHM A. as the Class representative and appointing his counsel as Class Counsel;
- В. An order declaring that Defendants' actions, as set out above, violate the TCPA;
- C. An order declaring that Defendants' actions, as set out above, violate the TCPA willfully and knowingly;

26

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

D.	An injunction requiring Defendants to cease all unlawful calls without first obtaining the	
	call recipients' prior express written consent to receive such calls, and otherwise	
	protecting interests of the Class;	

- E. An award of actual damages and/or statutory fines and penalties;
- F. An award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- G. Such other and further relief that the Court deems reasonable and just.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff requests a trial by jury of all claims that can be so tried.

Dated: April 23, 2019

Respectfully submitted,

ANDREW BOEHM, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

By: /s/ Mark L. Javitch
Plaintiff's Attorney

Mark L. Javitch (California SBN 323729)*
Mark L. Javitch, Attorney at Law
210 S. Ellsworth Ave #486
San Mateo CA 94401
Tel: 402-301-5544

Tel: 402-301-5544 Fax: 402-396-7131

Attorney for Plaintiff and the Putative Class
*Pending Pro Hac Vice Admission